

DI0124/DU02

Thermal Resistance of Evergreen Glass Wool Insulation R3.5



Author: Sheng-Huei Huang Technician IANZ Approved Signatory

Reviewer: Roger Stanford Senior Technician IANZ Approved Signatory



All tests reported herein have been undertaken at the BRANZ Ltd laboratories located in Judgeford, Porirua, New Zealand, unless stated otherwise.

Contact:

BRANZ Limited Moonshine Road Judgeford Private Bag 50908 Porirua City New Zealand Tel: +64 4 237 1170 Fax: +64 4 237 1171 www.branz.co.nz



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 - iii. any defects in the Products the subject of the Services; or
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Thermal Resistance of Evergreen Glass Wool Insulation R3.5

1. CLIENT

Platinum Insulation Wholesalers P/L, 604 Terrigal Drive, Erina, NSW 2250, Australia

2. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SAMPLES

Five sample segments were selected from the supplied material, in accordance with ASTM C167-09 and the modifications required by AS/NZS 4859.1-02.

Net pack weights (kg) (of the test sample)	19.1, 19.3

Table 1. Product specifications

Label information (Informa	ation required b		3 4850 1 Ta	able 3.1.1 abelling)	
Label Information (Informa	Product Mean Temp. Size Thickness Total Area Quantity Net Weight Net Weight N	ERGR WOOLINS WOOLINS WOOLINS Insulation main and a subsection on and may be greater the sereduced if stored for to on and may be greater the sereduced if stored for to on and may be greater the sereduced if stored for to on and may be greater the sereduced if stored for to on and may be greater the sereduced if stored for to the sereduced if	EEEN ULATION DIGLIGIOS 2000 ACTION CALLONG CALLONG MERCINA DIGLIGION CALLONG C	ible 3.1 Labelling)	
	This pack complies with AS/NZ4859.		-		_
Product name				Glass Wool Insulation R3.8)
Description of contents				ass Wool Insulation	
Manufacturer			Unite	ed Insulation Limited	
Traceability information				<u>"</u>	
Manufacturing addre	ess			nited Road, E & T Zone	
			Langfai	ng City 065000, China	
Date of manufacture	;	Nov. 03, 2009			
Batch number				0911B	
Safety instructions				Yes	
Statement of compliance with AS/NZS 4859.1 including specifications consistent with this test sample nominal thickness and weight				Yes	
Statement of performance dependent storage time in compression packa	ence on			Yes	
Statement of R-value dependence on installation				Yes	
Declaration of temperature condition				Yes, 23°C	
Time to achieve nominal thickness				Yes, 24 hrs	
	red for rolls)			16	
Total area (m ²)	/			8	
Table 1 continued on next name		1		-	

Table 1. continued on next page

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Page 3 of 8 Pages

Table 1. continued from previous page

Length (mm or	m) 1160
Width (mm or	m) 430
R-value (m ² K/W)	3.5
Net weight (kg for pack or 'gram	s per sq. metre') 16.5
Nominal thickness (mm)	185

3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The test equipment used was a LaserComp Fox 600 heat flow meter. The specimen for testing is placed horizontally in the apparatus, with upwards heat flows. The hot and cold plates each have a 250 mm x 250 mm heat flux transducer embedded in their surface. The edges of the specimen are insulated from the room ambient temperature. The uncertainty in individual thermal conductivity and thermal resistance measurements is estimated to be 3%.

4. **PROCEDURE**

Five sample segments were selected and prepared, and the thickness measured, to the requirements of ASTM C167 & AS/NZS 4859.1 Appendix D. The variations from the ASTM C167-AS/NZS 4859.1 procedure were as follows:

- Fifteen individual thickness measurements were made for each determination of thickness for a segment instead of the ten described in the standard.
- These measurements were spread in an equally spaced three by five grid instead of the particular arrangement outlined in the standard.

The five sample segments were conditioned for 24 hours at 23°C prior to the thermal performance measurements.

The three test segments were selected from the five sample segments then cut and made up to the required test specimen size of approximately 600 mm square. The 'grams per square metre' of the test specimen is assumed to be the same as the complete segment from which it is cut (approximately twice the area of the test specimen).

The specimens were tested to the requirements of ASTM C518-04 using the procedures of ASTM C653-97 including the modifications specified in AS/NZS 4859.1-02 Appendix D. See the BRANZ information sheet '*Notes on R-value measurement using ASTM C653 procedure*'. A total of nine measurements of thermal resistance were made for three values of density by testing first at an initial thickness (the lesser of the mean conditioned thickness, and, the nominal thickness plus 10%), then compressing the specimen to a thickness approximately 10% less than the initial test, and finally compressing the specimen to a thickness approximately 20% less than the initial test thickness.

Date of Issue: 24 November 2009	Pag



SHH



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BRANZ reference	D4669			
		Thickness (mm)	'grams per sq.
	average	max	min	metre' (g/m ²)
Initial	163	177	153	2390
After conditioning @ 23°C for 24 hours	170	178	161	2390
change	+4%			+0.0%
Std. dev. of 5 x 15 thickness measurements		5 mm		

Table 2. Conditioning of five sample segments

Table 3. Test condition set-points

Upper plate set-point temperature	13 °C
Lower plate set-point temperature	33 °C
Nominal difference in temperature	20 K
Nominal mean temperature	23 °C

Table 4. Measured results for the three test specimens

Calibration date	alibration date 21-Nov-09		С	Calibration sample			EPS 03				
Test specimen			Specimen 1		S	Specimen 2			Specimen 3		
BRANZ reference				D4669A	٩		D4669B		D4669C		
'grams per sq. metre' (of segment from whi specimen is cut)		g/m²		2392			2339			2469	
Test date			23-11	23-11	23-11	23-11	23-11	23-11	23-11	23-11	23-11
Test thickness		mm	172.0	157.0	141.0	169.0	154.0	139.0	173.0	157.0	142.0
Density at test thickn (of segment from whi specimen is cut)		kg/m ³	13.91	15.24	16.96	13.84	15.19	16.83	14.27	15.72	17.38
Temperature differen	се	К	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
Mean temperature		°C	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
Heat-flux		W/m ²	4.79	5.09	5.48	5.26	5.54	5.90	4.91	5.22	5.57
Thermal resistance		m ² K/W	4.173	3.930	3.650	3.801	3.610	3.388	4.071	3.835	3.593
Thermal conductivity		mW/mK	41.2	39.9	38.6	44.5	42.7	41.0	42.5	40.9	39.5
Difference between h flux transducers	eat	%	2.7	0.8	1.4	1.8	0.3	1.9	1.0	1.2	1.6

The analysis of the results was in accordance with the guidelines in ASTM C653-97.

The relationship between thermal conductivity and density for an insulation material can be represented by an equation of the form:

Thermal conductivity (W/mK) $\lambda = a + b.\rho + \frac{c}{\rho}$ where ρ is density (kg/m³)

Over the range of densities created with the test specimens, the coefficients have been determined by regression fit through the results and are listed in Table 5. The best fit equation for the results is plotted in Figure 1.

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Thermal Conductivity	,			
	а	b	С	
Specimen 1	0.0182	+0.00028	0.266	
Specimen 2	0.0142	+0.00034	0.353	
Specimen 3	0.0151	+0.00034	0.322	Standard error
Combined results	0.0160	+0.00031	0.315	3.3%
Uncertainty in individu	3%			
Overall uncertainty in u	se of above equatio	n to determine condu	uctivity	4%



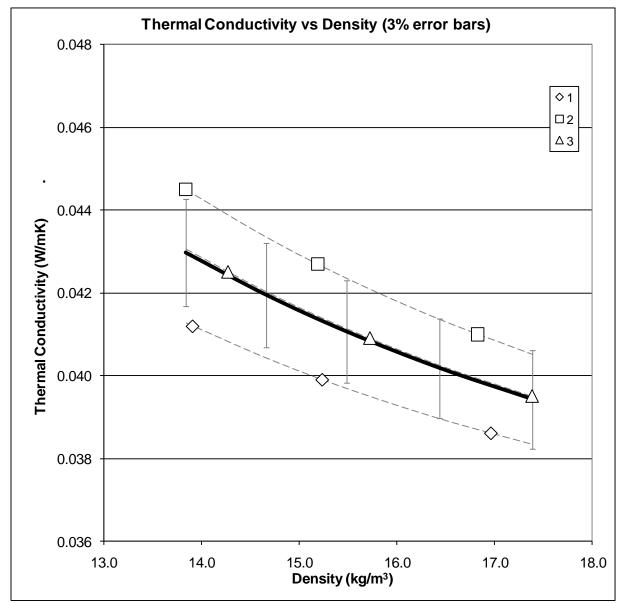


Figure 1. Summary of thermal conductivity measurements at 23°C mean temperature

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BRANZ	Report Number: DI0124/DU02	Date of Issue: 24 November 2009	Page 6 of 8 Pages

Table 6.	Summary and analysis of results
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1	85		mm
170	±	2	mm
2	063		g/m ²
2390	±	29	g/m²
14.1	±	0.2	kg/m ³
23.0	±	0.2	°C
0.0	426		W/mK
3.	98		m ² K/W
12	2.2		kg/m ³
0.0	456		W/mK
3	8.5		m ² K/W
3.	72		m ² K/W
	170 2390 14.1 23.0 0.0 3. 12 0.0 3	2063 2390 ± 14.1 ± 23.0 ± 0.0426 3.98 12.2	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 170 & \pm & 2 \\ \hline 2063 & \\ \hline 2390 & \pm & 29 \\ \hline 14.1 & \pm & 0.2 \\ \hline 23.0 & \pm & 0.2 \\ \hline 0.0426 & \\ \hline 3.98 & \\ \hline 12.2 & \\ \hline 0.0456 & \\ \hline 3.5 & \\ \end{array}$

*¹⁻¹⁸ See BRANZ info sheet 'Glossary of terms used in Table 6 of Thermal Testing Reports'

The test method was in accordance with ASTM C653 and AS/NZS 4859.1:02 Appendix D, including the alternative thickness probe diameter of 25 mm and pressure of 25 Pa allowed for in Amendment 1 (2006) of AS/NZS 4859.1

 Table 7.
 Assessment of product compliance with labelled specifications

Compliance Requirement	Pass/Fail
Packaging & labelling compliance with AS/NZS 4859.1 Section 3	Pass
Result compared with declared R-value (AS/NZS 4859.1 clause 2.3.3.7 prgph 1)	Pass
Combined	Pass

6. **REFERENCES**

AS/NZS 4859.1:02	Materials for the thermal insulation of buildings; Part 1: General criteria and technical provisions. Standards Australia, Sydney, Standards New Zealand, Wellington, 2002.
Amendment 1 to AS/NZS 4859.1:02	Standards Australia, Sydney, Standards New Zealand, Wellington, 2006.
ASTM C167-09	Standard Test Methods for Thickness and Density of Blanket or Batt Thermal Insulations. American Society for Testing and Materials, Philadelphia, PA, 1998.
ASTM C653-97 (07)	Standard Guide for Determination of the Thermal Resistance of Low- Density Blanket-Type Mineral Fiber Insulation. American Society for Testing and Materials, Philadelphia, PA, 1997.
ASTM C518-04	Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus. American Society for Testing and Materials, Philadelphia, PA, 2004.
BRANZ Info. sheet	Notes on R-value measurement using ASTM C653 procedure. BRANZ, Jul., 2008.
BRANZ Info. sheet	Glossary of terms used in Table 6 of Thermal Test Reports. BRANZ, Feb., 2008.

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7. LIST OF TABLES & FIGURES

- **Table 1.**Product specifications
- Table 2.
 Conditioning of five sample segments
- Table 3.Test condition set-points
- Table 4.
 Measured results for the three test specimens
- Table 5.
 Regression-fit for measurements at 23°C mean temperature
- Table 6.Summary and analysis of results
- Table 7.
 Assessment of product compliance with labelled specifications
- Figure 1. Graph of thermal conductivity measurements at 23°C mean temperature

